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Some Vital Prepositions and Their Uses

Preposition is used with ...

about relating a composition or creative work to its subject or theme: This movie is **about** a woman astronaut who survives an accident in outer space. This essay/poem/painting is **about** forgiveness. This book is **about** geologic formations of the Pleistocene.

the focus of one's attention and activity: We tried to go about our business like nothing had happened.

actions involving the full extent of an area ("About" is often used in British English where Americans use "around," but they are also combined to avoid word repetition): I went about making breakfast while the kids stumbled around upstairs. I went **about** the room tidying pillows and books. I looked **about** for help. You are free to move **about** the cabin.

approximate figures or estimations: It's been **about** five years since we saw him. I'm **about** finished with my project.

at a finite point, a junction, a specific time, a passive object of an action:

at 40.35°N and 150.75°W, at the corner of 5th Avenue and Main Street, at 5:35 p.m., look at the television, "You're talking at me, not to me!" (idiom exception: He goes for walks at night. not *at morning, or *at afternoon)

by the means of achieving a goal: *She goes everywhere* **by** foot. I found the information **by** searching the Internet. She will get into Harvard **by** getting good grades and test scores and **by** knowing how to charm people. passing a stationary object: I drove by your house last night.

authorship: This story is by Stephen Fry.

the doer of a passive verb: *He is followed* **by** *thousands of Twitter members.*

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Preposition is used with ...

for an action performed in the pursuit of a result/goal, or toward the benefit of someone: *shop for groceries, study for a test, apply for admission, run for mayor, work for the company*

a thing that exists in order to benefit someone or something: a gift for you

an action with a desired goal or purpose in the mind of the subject: *"I did it for love!" or We did it for all the wrong reasons.*

duration: I studied for five hours.

in boundaries, borders, shapes, walls, spans, passengers of cars/trucks/
 smaller vehicles: *in Belgium, in January, in King County, in Bellevue, in a circle, in a car, in a prop plane, in a room,*

after a beginning but before an end: *in* the morning/afternoon/evening, *in* my memory, *in* World War II, *in* the chaos of the riot,

the contents of a communication medium: *in* the article/essay/movie/ episode/email/speech/text/posting...

(Compare to *into*, used for movement from outside a boundary to inside: *I went into my room*. Or for transformations: *He turned into a werewolf*.)

- of a piece or pieces relating to a larger whole, belonging, attributes: the fingers of my right hand, a friend of my sister, members of Congress, a member of the faculty, a light shade of green, that tone of voice (Fun fact: In the history of telling time, the fifth hour of the clock became five o'clock)
- on something touching a surface: *on* the road, *on* my face, *on* the table, *on* the (printed) page, *on* the wall

relating an occurrence with a specific day of the week: I'll meet you **on** Tuesday. We go shopping **on** Saturdays.

content broadcast by an electronic medium: *on television*, *on the radio*, *on the phone*, *on the Internet* (compare to *in a book*, or *in the newspaper*)

the topic of communication: a paper **on** climate change, a movie **on** the life of Helen Keller, a speech **on** the dangers of texting while driving

passengers or cargo of large, flat-level vehicles and self-powered vehicles: **on** *a* bus, **on** *a* train, **on** *an* airplane, **on** *a* boat, **on** *a* motorcycle, **on** *a* bicycle, **on** *a* skateboard (compare to *in a* car, *in a* truck, *in a* van)

Preposition is used with ...

with accompaniment, joining, alliances, affiliation, agreement: *My friends went* **with** *me. Mix magenta* **with** *cyan and you'll get purple. She is* **with** *Seattle City Light. I'm* **with** *you on this.*

a tool or instrument used to achieve a goal: I built it **with** my own two hands. He attracted me **with** a silken-voiced "How you doin'?"

to an active or willing recipient: I talked to you yesterday. She ran to her daddy's arms. (Compare I talked at you yesterday, and You yelled at me yesterday.)
a destination: I sent a message to you. I'm going to class. She flew to Istanbul. connecting a main verb to a second verb, esp. verbs of mental actions that can cause other actions: I want to buy a new car. I hate to bother you. I decided to do some research (in order) to make a better-informed decision.

The verbs *make, let, see,* and *hear* are NOT followed by "to" before a bare infinitive verb: Don't let the cat go outside; make her stay indoors.

They **made** me **talk** to the crowd; it **let** me **know** they had confidence in my ability. I could **see** you **wave** from the balcony; I could not, however, hear you yell, "Hello!"

Note: Unlike let, allow DOES use to after it: Please allow me to introduce myself.

Quantifiers That Look Like Prepositions

most of a determined noun^{*} (singular or plural): *He had eaten most of an apple.* I said goodbye to **most of** my friends. **Most of** the class did not do the assignment.

* "Determined noun" = *determiner* + noun, e.g., *an* apple, *my* friends, *the* assignment, *his* backpack or a noun naming something that can be discussed in parts, such as a place: I don't drive in *most of* Bellevue.

In contrast, **most** (no "of") must be followed by a *plural undetermined* noun. (Compare: **Most** Americans are ignorant about geography. **Most** breakfast cereals are loaded with sugar. (correct) *He ate **most** apple. ***Most** apple is eaten already. (*incorrect)

Conjunctions That Look Like Prepositions

The conjunction **because of is followed by a noun or noun equivalent**, while "formal" **because** (no "of") must be followed by a clause:

Because of George's tardiness (noun equiv.), the tour started late. I was grouchy **because of** a headache (noun equiv). Compare with *Because* George was tardy (clause), the tour started late.

I was grouchy because I had a headache (clause).

"Informal" *because* is a shortened form of the "because of" meaning that leaves out the "of," or is meant to humorously skip explaining complex details and is structured as "because + noun":

I was late because traffic.

The frozen berries thawed into mush because, you know, science.

Additional Common Prepositions

(Note: Several of these words also have uses as other parts of speech. Please feel free to discuss these and other prepositions with Writing Lab tutors.)

aboard	except	under
above	excepting	underneath
across	excluding	unlike
after against along amid/amidst	following from	until up upon
among/amongst	inside	versus
anti-	into	via
around as	like	within
45	minus	without
before behind	near	
below	off	
beneath	onto	
beside	opposite	
besides	outside	
between	over	
beyond concerning considering	past per plus	
despite		
down		
during		