Course Title: Introduction to Economics: Microeconomics Course Number: ECON 201 Credit Hours: 5 Prerequisites: 30 prior college credits recommended. Meeting times: Monday, Wednesday; 5:30pm-7:40pm	Commented [b1]: Change?
Instructor name: Bruce Christopherson Social Sciences Division Office: D110 Office location: A 200A Office phone number: 564-2057 Office hours: By Appt. Email: bchristo@bellevuecollege.edu	
Textbook: <u>Microeconomics</u> , 9 th ed., <mark>Colander</mark> Supplementary material: Practice test package	Commented [bc 2]: Change?
Course description: Investigates the economic forces behind pricing and production decisions, wages, structure of labor markets, and distribution of income. Students evaluate government intervention in markets and analyze environmental degradation, welfare policy, tax systems, poverty, and discrimination from an economic perspective.	
 Course Outcomes By the end of the quarter, students will be able to do the following: Be able to evaluate economic examples as they related to personal incentives, voluntary exchanges, and to recognize the key concept of opportunity cost. Be able to set-up and identify, both graphically and in words, a competitive market model's associated components and outcomes (demand, supply, price, equilibrium) and their link to utility theory, and various production decisions Apply the basic model's approach to factor markets Expand the basic model to address elements of market failures Be able to calculate both marginal and average values for a variety of data sets and be able to use them appropriately within decision-making evaluations of choices. Understand the value of the competitive market model's outcome as a benchmark for evaluating more realistic models of industrial organization and government activity. Recognize and apply 'economic thinking' to various policy issues and applied problems, incorporating appropriately both positive and normative elements of analysis, with measures of efficiency and equity. 	
 In addition, students may be introduced to a subset of the following: Elasticity as a measure of quantity's responsiveness to changes in prices or income Coase Theorem and transaction costs as they pertain to market failures Maximizing behavior and the limitations of rationality assumptions for households, firms and government agents. Discuss, in depth, alternative mechanisms of allocation beyond the market mechanism of the price signal. 	
"2" in Gen Ed ratings for "Critical Thinking" and for "Quantitative and Logical Reasoning" and "Writing" as well as 1s in 7 other areas	

Course topics to be covered:

Topic	<u>Chapter</u>	Topic	Chapter
Overview Introduction	1	<u>Demand</u> Price Elasticity	6
Macro vs Micro	I	Elastic vs. Inelastic	0
Scarcity & Choice	1	Determinants	
Opportunity Costs	I	Income Elasticity	6
Positive vs Normative	1	Cross Price Elasticity	6
Production Possibilities	2	Utility Theory	19
Production Constraints	2	Marginal Utility	15
		Total Utility	
Supply & Demand		Utility Maximization	19
Markets		e any maximization	
Comparative Advantage	2, 9	Business Forms	3
Demand	4	Business Forms	
Determinants		Proprietorship	
Demand Schedule & Curve		Partnership	
Change in Demand		Corporation	334-338
Normal vs Inferior			
Substitute vs Complement		Production Costs	
Supply	4	Productivity & Cost	
Determinants		Production Function	11
Supply Schedule & Curve		Marginal Product	11
Change in Supply		Costs	11
Market Equilibrium	4	Total Cost	
Supply & Demand	4	Marginal Cost	
Price & Allocation		Average Cost	
Labor Markets		Avg Cost & MC relation	
Price Ceilings	5	Econ. vs Acctg. Profits	
Price Floors	5, 17	Economies of Scale	12
	- /		
Midterm 1		Midterm 2	
Competitive Firms			
Competitive Firms	13		
Revenue	13	Imperfect Markets	
Profit Maximization	13	Oligopoly	15
Shut Down Decision		Demand Curve	
Tax Effects	not in text	Market Outcomes	
Property Tax		Monopolistic Competition	14
Payroll Tax			
Income Tax		Financial Markets	
		Financial Markets	
Competitive Markets		Present & Future Value	17W
Characteristics	13	http://highered.mcgraw-	
Econ. vs Acctg Profit		hill.com/sites/0078021707/stude	
Manager		apters.html or http://highered.mc	
Monopoly		hill.com/sites/0078021707/inform	ation_center_vie
Non-competitive Industries		<u>w0/</u>	
Monopoly	14		
Monopoly vs Competition		Externalities & Environment	101 1=-
Barriers to Entry		Pollution	164-170
Monopolist Incentive		Market Incentive	
Pros and Cons	4.4	Pollution Reduction Options	
Price Discrimination	14		
		Final (cumulative)	

Midterm 3

Final (cumulative)

Approximate exam dates: Midterm 1; Feb. 2 (tentative) Midterm 2; Feb. 25 (tentative) Midterm 3; Mar. 11 (tentative) Final; Mar. 23 Approximate paper due dates: Paper 1; Jan. 14 (tentative) Paper 2; Feb. 4 (tentative) Paper 3; Mar. 18 (tentative)

Number of exams: 4 Types of exams: Multiple choice Other graded material/assignments: 3 papers Percentage points for course grade: Midterm 1; 16% Midterm 2; 16% Midterm 3; 16% Final: 26% Paper 1; 7% Paper 2; 7% Paper 3; 7% Class participation; 5% Total percentage points; 100%

Commented [b3]: 8th class night
Commented [b4]: 13th class night
Commented [b5]: 18th class night

Commer	nted [b6]: 4th class night
Commer	nted [b7]: 9th class night
Commer	nted [b8]: 20 th class night
File, p	<pre>hted [b9]: Print without comments by: rint. Under settings, click arrow by .ll Pages. Click Print Markup.</pre>

Makeup exams: One makeup midterm is allowed by arrangement <u>prior</u> to the missed test, but one point will be deducted from the score. If a midterm is missed without prior arrangement, that test grade will be replaced with a grade 1.0 lower than the lowest grade of the other 3 tests (2 midterms and final). The final must be taken in order to receive credit for the course.

Cell phones or other electronic devices (other than a regular calculator) are not allowed in tests. Cheating on an exam will result in a failing grade for the class.

Example calculations of course grade:

This person got a 2.4, 3.1, and 2.6 on the 3 midterms, 2.4 and 3.4 on the papers, 3.3 on the final, and a 2.9 for class participation. The course grade is calculated as:

 $\begin{array}{rll} \mbox{midterms} & \mbox{papers} & \mbox{final participation} \\ .16 \ x \ (2.4 + 3.1 + 2.6) + .105 \ x \ (2.4 + 3.4) + .26 \ x \ 3.3 + .05 \ x \ 2.9 \ = \ 2.9 \end{array}$

Decimal-letter grade conversion

1.8 - 2.199 c
1.5 - 1.799 c-
1.2 - 1.499 d+
0.8 - 1.199 d
0.5 - 0.799 d-